(b) what are the State-wise figures of those held under the NSA during the last three years, year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL SECURITY (SHRI ARUN NEHRU): (a) and (b) The year-wise and State-wise details of persons held under NSA are as per statement attached.

Statement

Number of Persons in detention under the National Security Act in each State during the last three years

Sl. No.	Name of State/U.T. Admn.	as on 31-12-83	as on 31-12-84	as on 30-9-85
1	Andhra Pradesh	5	2	22
2	Assam	13	6	4
3	Bihar	23	11	11
4	Gujarat	..	17	14
5	Haryana	..	1	..
6	Madhya Pradesh	53	38	74
7	Maharashtra	126	210	251
8	Manipur	18	68	38
9	Orissa	9	8	13
10	Punjab	11	729	228
11	Rajasthan	2	12	8
12	Tamil Nadu	4	5	21
13	Uttar Pradesh	75	244	172
14	Chandigarh	..	8	1
15	Delhi	..	12	7
16	Mizoram	.	..	7
	TOTAL :	339	1371	871

NOTE : National Security Act, 1980, is not applicable to Jammu & Kashmir. Information about the remaining States/U.T. Administration is NIL.

Regions recording abnormal increase of population

1224. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) how many of these districts where population has increased more than all India average in between the census reports 1971—81;

(b) what are the reasons attributed to the extraordinary increase;

(c) how, many of these districts could be atrtibuted for this increase due to infiltration across Bangladesh, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka, and what are the names of these districts; and

(d) whether Government propose to have the abnormal increase phenomena examined by a high-powered body, if so what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF STATES (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) The required information is given in enclosed statement.

(b) The increase of population in these districts is a result of combined efforts of the three factors of population growth, namely, fertility, mortality and migration. It is difficult to attribute the growth of population to any single factor

(c) Informaion is not available from 1981 Census.

(d) No, Sir.

Statement

*Names of Districts where the Growth Rate of Population during 1971—81 is more than all India Growth Rate**

S. No.	State/U.T.	Name of districts
1	Andhra Pradesh	Vishakhapatnam, Mahbubnagar, Rangareddi, Hyderabad, Nizamabad. Adilabad, Khammam, Nalgonda.
2	Bihar	Patna, Nalanda, Begusarai, Saharsa, Purnia, Katihar, Bhagalpur, Dhanbad, Giridih, Hazaribag, Palamu.
3	Gujarat	Jamnagar, Rajkot, Bhavnagar, Amreli, Junagadh, Banas Kantha, Sabar Kantha, Gandhinagar, Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals, Vadodara, Surat.
4	Haryana	Ambala, Kurukshetra, Karnal, Faridabad, Gurgaon, Mahendragarh, Bhiwani, Hisar, Sirsa.
5	Himachal Pradesh	Bilaspur, Mandi, Solan, Sirmaur.
6	Jammu & Kashmir	Anantnag, Pulwama, Srinagar, Badgam, Baramula, Kupwara, Ladakh (Leh), Udhampur, Kathua, Jammu, Rajauri, Punch.
7	Karnataka	Bangalore, Bellary, Chitradurga, Dharwad, Kolar, Mysore, Raichur, Shimoga, Uttar Kannad.
8	Kerala	Cannanore, Wayanad, Malappuram, Idukki.
9	Madhya Pradesh.	Morena, Gwalior, Shivpuri, Guna, Tikamgarh, Panna, Damoh, Satna, Shahdool, Sidhi, Mandsaur, Ratlam, Ujjain, Dewas, Dhar, Indore, West Nimar, East Nimar, Bhopal, Sehore, Raisen, Betul, Jabalpur, Narsimhapur, Durg.
10	Maharashtra	Greater Bombay, Thane, Nashik, Pune, Nanded, Nagpur, Chandrapur.
11	Manipur	Manipur North, Manipur West, Manipur South, Tengnoupal, Manipur Central, Manipur East.
12	Meghalaya	Jaintia Hills, East Khasi Hills, West Khasi Hills, East Garo Hills.
13	Nagaland	Kohima, Phek, Wokha, Zubneboto, Mokokchung, Tuensang.

*Excludes Assam.

S. No.	State/U.T.	Name of districts
14	Orissa	Sundargarh, Puri.
15	Punjab	Firozepur, Ludhiana, Kapurthala, Rupnagar, Patiala, Bhatinda.
16	Rajasthan	Ganganagar, Bikaner, Churu, Jhunjhunu, Alwar, Bharatpur, Sawai Madhopur, Jaipur, Sikar, Ajmer, Tonk, Jaisalmer, Jodhpur, Nagaur, Pali, Barmer, Jalor, Sirohi, Udaipur, Chittaurgarh, Dungarpur, Banswara, Bundi, Kota, Jhalawar.
17	Sikkim	North, East, South, West.
18	Tamil Nadu	Madras, Chengalpattu, Nilgiri.
19	Tripura	West Tripura, North Tripura, South Tripura.
20	Uttar Pradesh	Uttarkashi, Tehri Garhwal, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Meerut, Ghaziabad, Moradabad, Rampur, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shajahanpur, Farrukhabad, Kanpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Lalitpur, Banda, Kheri, Rae Bareli, Bahraich, Pratapgarh, Gorakhpur, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Varanasi, Mirzapur.
21	West Bengal	Kooch Bihar, Jalpaiguri, Darjeeling, West Dinajpur Maldah, Murshidabad, Nadia, Twenty-four Parganas.
	Union Territories	
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Andamans, Nicobars.
2	Arunachal Pradesh	West Kameng, Lower Subansiri, West Siang, East Siang, Dibong Valley, Lohit, Tirap.
3	Chandigarh	Chandigarh.
4	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	Dadra & Nagar Haveli.
5	Delhi	Delhi.
6	Goa Daman & Diu	Goa, Daman, Diu.
7	Lakshadweep	Lakshadweep
8	Mizoram	Aizawl, Lunglai, Chhimtuipui.
9	Pondicherry	Pondicherry, Yanam.

Distance between border checkposts

1225. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what is minimum and maximum distance between the border checkposts on eastern and western borders; and

(b) whether Government propose to increase the number of checkposts and reduce the distance between them to check infiltration and other illegal activities across the borders?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL SECURITY (SHRI ARUN NEHRU): (a) The average minimum distance